living lab: lighting the future

The Living Lab Demonstration Project tests multiple advanced lighting control systems to address barriers and help bring these technologies

to scale.

project goals

The Living Lab seeks to identify the most cost-effective lighting control systems for retrofits, and the tools and processes that ensure their successful implementation. These lighting systems provide the highest quality interior environment by responding to daylight, occupancy, electricity demand, and various needs of the users. Shading is a key component to optimizing daylight harvesting, maximizing views to the outside, and reducing glare. The project will look beyond simple energy savings to outline processes and provide resources that ease installation, calibration, and maintenance. The Living Lab will:

project partners



- Install, commission, and monitor multiple advanced lighting control systems and fixtures
- Identify solutions to technical and institutional barriers
- Identify opportunities to accelerate the adoption of technologies
- Match technology capabilities with different retrofit situations
- Provide education, training, and other resources based on outcomes

200 West Street Goldman Sachs Headquarters One Bryant Park Bank of America Tower

the project

The Living Lab Demonstration Project addresses barriers by carefully documenting the process, vetting technology, and monitoring the savings of multiple technologies. These lessons will be captured in multiple forms, including this exhibit, forthcoming technical training, online tools, case studies, and many other resources.



education and

outreach lead

technical lead



building energy exchange

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Project funded by the US Department of Energy, NYSERDA, and the Scherman Foundation

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project partners

Goldman Sachs Bank of America

technology partners

Acuity Brands Lighting Crestron Eaton Lighting Division Enlighted Fluxwerx Lutron Electronics MechoSystems OSRAM Sylvania, Inc. Philips Lighting Selux Corp. **Specification Lighting Sales**

project sponsors

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exhibition design

Might Could

contro s save money & energy

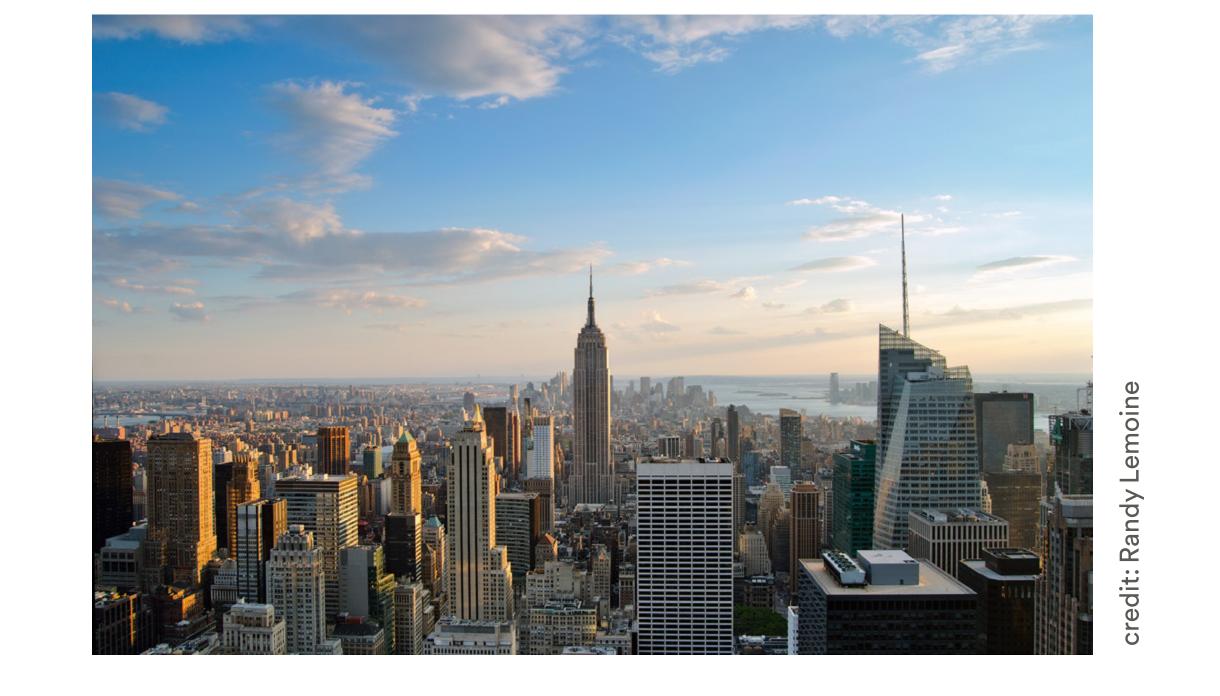
Installing advanced lighting controls saves money and energy, but careful management is required to ensure success.

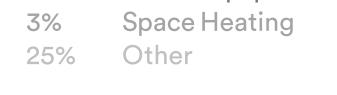
the case



NYC Commercial Building Electricity Usage

- **Interior Lighting Exterior Lighting**
- Cooling
- Ventilation
- Office Equipment



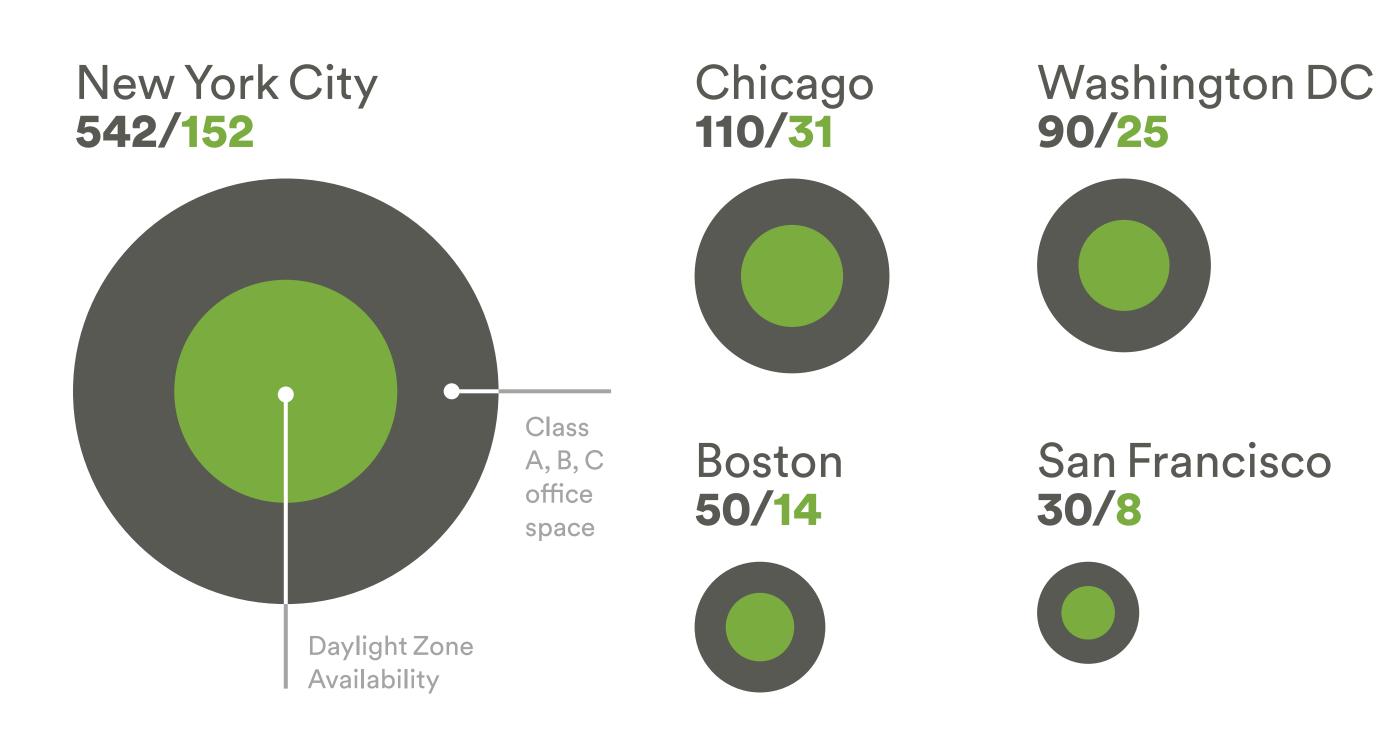


Source: Con Edison 2010 Energy **Efficiency Potential Study**

- Lighting uses one third of all electricity in commercial buildings
- Local Law 88 requires 1.25 billion square feet of commercial office space in New York City to upgrade their lighting to meet code by 2025

the opportunity

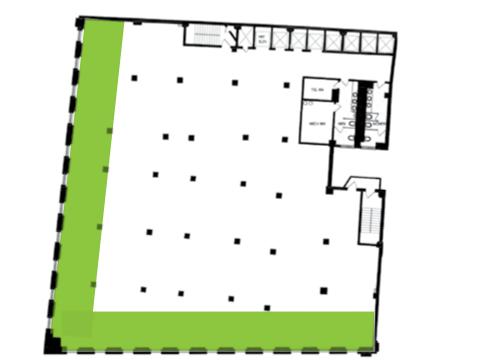
Office Space in Major U.S. Central Business Districts (million square feet) Source: BEEx Analysis, Let There Be Daylight, 2012

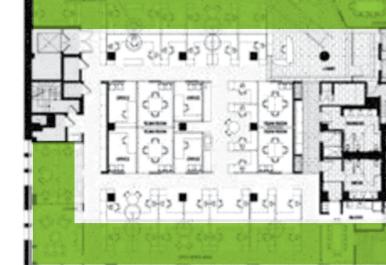


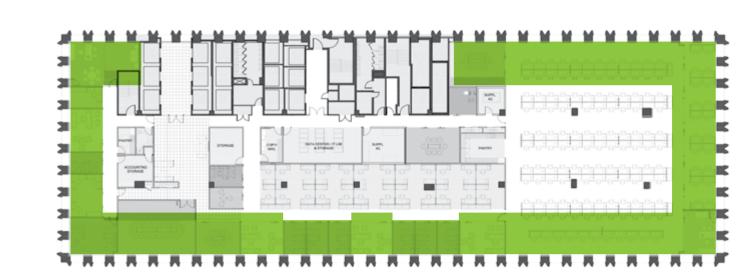
NYC is the largest commercial real estate market nationally, an opportunity to both save energy and demonstrate leadership

Daylight Zone Area for Typical Buildings

Source: BEEx Analysis, Let There Be Daylight, 2012







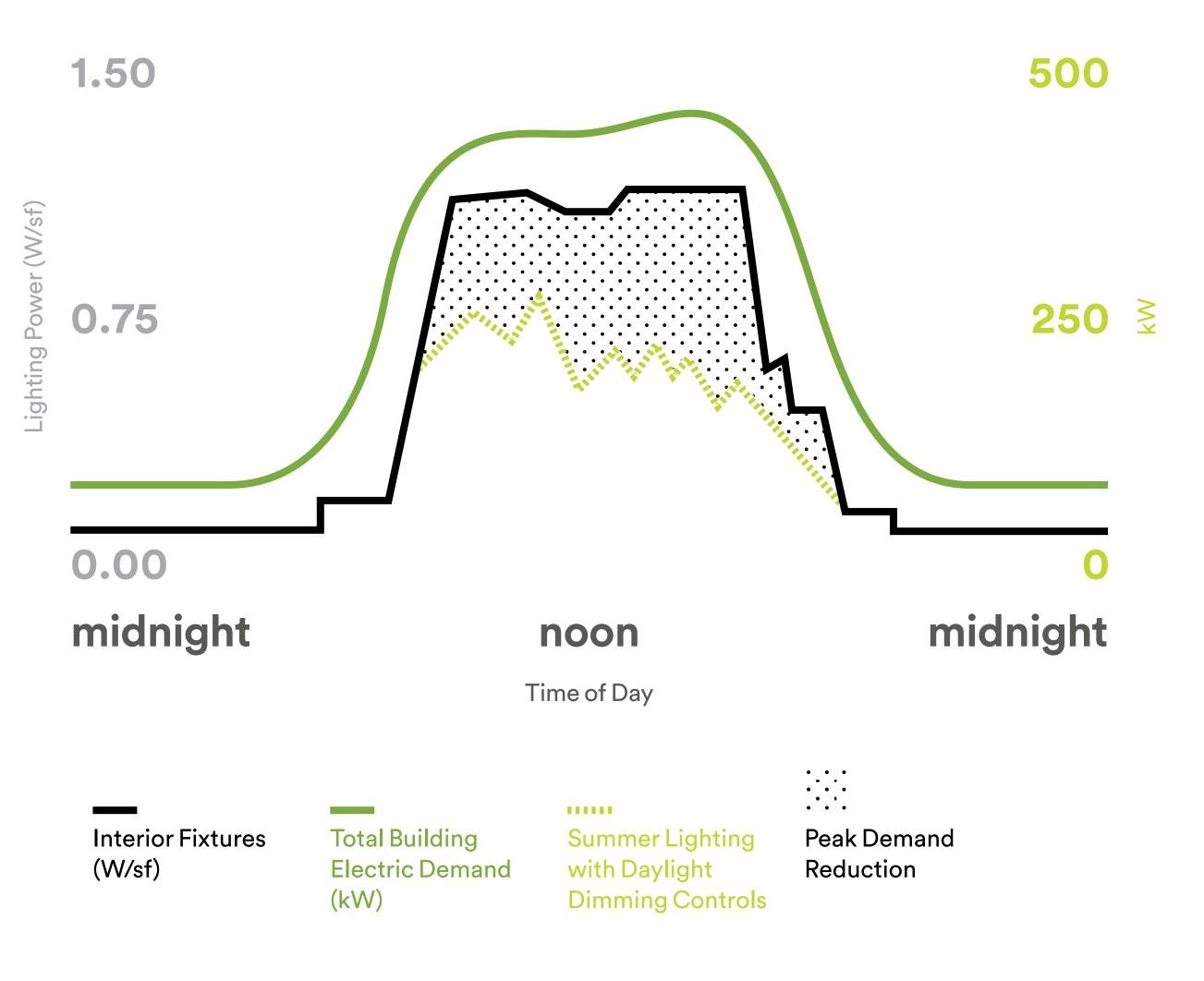


- Many New York City buildings are designed to maximize daylight
- **Costs of systems are decreasing rapidly**

the potential for advanced lighting controls

- **\$70 million annual cost savings**
- 60% of energy use from lighting can be reduced using advanced controls
- **Reduce citywide peak energy** demand by as much as 160 megawatts, about 16 Empire State Buildings
- **Buildings can manage their electric loads** more effectively and participate in demand response programs

Impact of Advanced Daylight Controls



Source: BEEx Analysis, Let There Be Daylight, 2012

the context



A pleasant and comfortable dining space in the New York Times building is just one example of the benefits of properly managed daylighting.



To learn more, visit: be-exchange.org/resources/case-studies

• The New York Times Building

Completed in 2007, the New York Times Building is a 1.5 million square foot office tower located in Midtown, Manhattan, designed with several innovative energy features. These include a dynamic shading system and state of the art dimmable lighting system intended to maximize daylight harvesting and provide task-level tuning. A one-year post-occupancy study found that the building achieved 43% lighting savings and 24% overall energy savings, while providing high levels of lighting quality and comfort.

The Time Warner Center

Related Companies, developer of the Time Warner Center, completed in 2003, decided to retrofit their two floors in the building with advanced lighting controls in 2012. The system includes occupancy sensors throughout the space, daylight sensors in perimeter offices, and wirelessly controlled continuously dimmable digital ballasts in overhead fluorescent fixtures. This retrofit reduced Related's energy consumption by 56% and had a three-year return on investment.

building energy

exchange connects the New York real estate and design communities to energy and lighting efficiency solutions through exhibitions, education, technology demonstrations, and research. We identify opportunities, navigate barriers to adoption, broker relationships, and showcase best practices at our resource center in the Surrogate's Courthouse.

be-exchange.org



anatomy of a retrofit Successful lighting retrofits require careful technology selection, broad user engagement, and continual oversight.

the facts

Today's lighting control systems feature myriad options, including real time scheduling, occupancy and daylight response, and automated shading. Projects that successfully improve the office environment and save energy will choose the right functions for their specific needs and will assign a project manager to oversee the entire retrofit process.

The keys to a successful retrofit include:

- **Establishing clear goals and requirements**
- **Proper technology selection**
- **Involvement of all stakeholders**
- Careful, consistent oversight
- Meaningful commissioning

I Learn more about the Living Lab and the anatomy of a successful retrofit below.

the benefits

An advanced lighting control system better responds to users' needs while saving money by reducing wasteful lighting use when enough daylight is available, dimming lights when spaces are not occupied, and tuning lights to specific needs.

demand management

Electricity pricing is typically set by peak usage, so trimming peak demand reduces the cost of every kilowatt. Advanced systems can benefit from demand management incentives and allow users to enroll in demand response programs.



potential energy savings

savings from fixtures

30%

savings from controls

45%

post-retrofit energy use

25%

typical post-retrofit savings

20% daylighting

30% occupancy sensors

50% tuning

savings from controls

e Berkeley National Source: Lawr

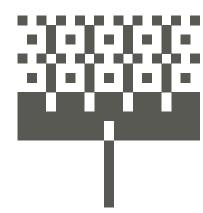
components of a lighting controls system

Each piece of a lighting control system helps optimize energy savings and occupant comfort. Throughout the exhibit, you will see these icons used to illustrate the opportunities and applications of lighting control systems.

data management

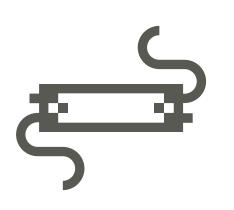


energy manager Energy managers, also called gateways or "Energy Control Units," collect and send information between both wired and wireless components and pass it on to the system server, ensuring smooth function.



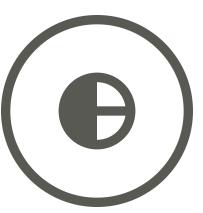
server The server receives and stores data from the energy manager and connects with the graphic user interface.

data collection

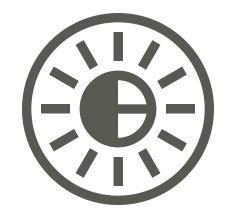


ballast/driver

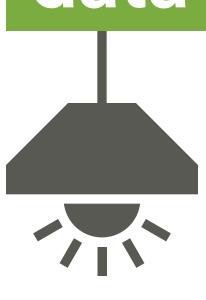
Fluorescent ballasts and LED drivers communicate with sensors and system software to control fixture power levels and in some cases send usage data back to the energy management system.



occupancy sensor Occupancy and vacancy sensors are used to determine whether a space is occupied, reducing the wasteful lighting of empty spaces.

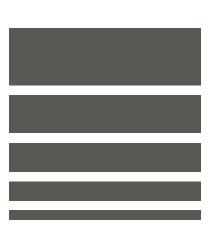


data response



fixture

Fixture refers to the entire light fixture, including the housing (or base), lamp sockets, optics (or lenses) as well as the lamps themselves (whether LED or fluorescent.) Some include integrated junction boxes for power connection, or battery packs in the case of emergency fixtures. High efficiency fixtures will be dimmable and may have ballasts or drivers and/or sensors installed within the unit, or attached remotely.



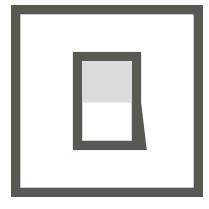
automated shading Automated shades determine their position by a combination of software and sensors. These can integrate with the lighting system and are designed to allow the maximum comfortable daylight into a space with minimal glare.





graphic user interface A GUI visualizes lighting system data via a smartphone app or desktop computer software, typically indicating in real time which lights are in use, how much energy is being drawn from the electrical grid, and alerting managers to maintenance issues like lamp replacements.

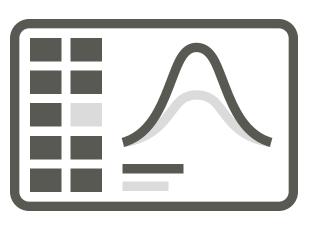
daylight sensor Daylight sensors, or photo sensors, measure the amount of daylight in a space, allowing the system to dim electric lighting when it is unnecessary.



wall switch Wall mounted light switches provide individual control of lights, and often include dimming and pre-set lighting scenes.

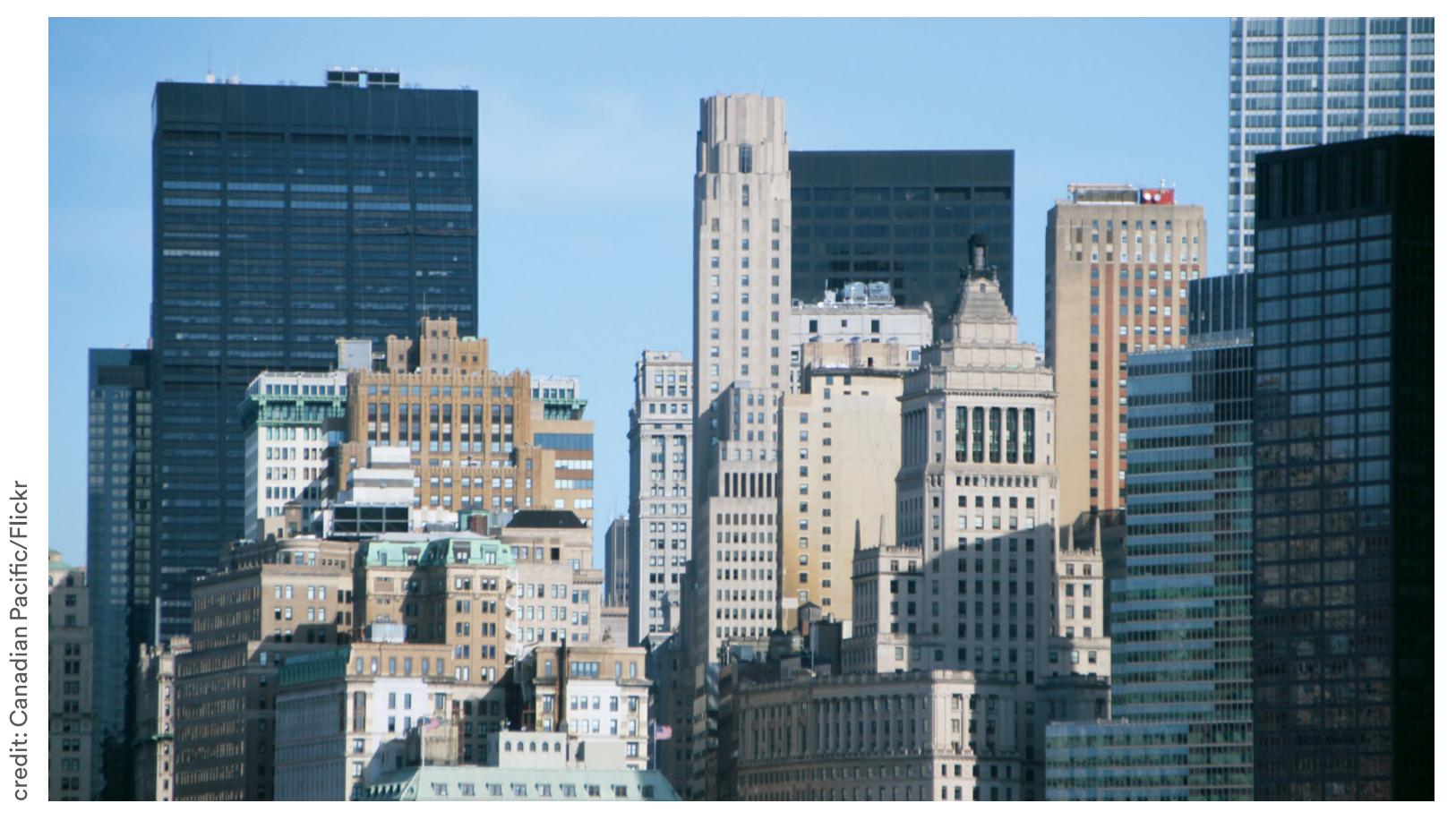
data visualized





The graphic user interface can be used to schedule when lights are on, tune light levels in individual spaces for specific needs, and participate in demand response programs.







- Area of retrofit
- **Budget and schedule**
- Lighting system needs/functions
- **Energy savings goals**
- Project manager

2.

select technology

While exploring the options for a retrofit, it is important to assess the needs of the space and the organization. This includes energy saving goals, budget, current and anticipated use of the space, as well as current occupant concerns. Working with your project team to answer these questions can better help you determine the functions you want in a system. We recommend working with a lighting designer and a lighting controls manufacturer or distributor to ensure appropriate system selection.



controls: ±45% savings

A control system is the crux of the retrofit, ensuring functionality and integration. These can be adapted to suit your construction and end-use needs.

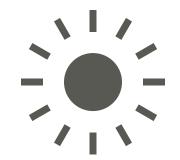
Control systems features include:



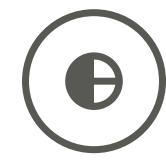
scheduling & tuning



wireless components



daylight harvesting

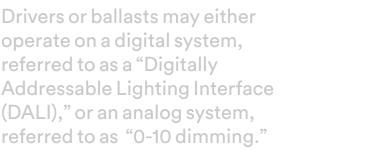


sensors



interactive controls







including:

fixtures & lamps:

especially if changing to LEDs.

Incorporating higher efficiency lamps or

fixtures can result in significant savings,

than fluorescent. There are several ways

as a kit.

to incorporate LEDs into an existing space,

LED systems are typically far more efficient

Relamping: For example,

Fixture Retrofit: Leave

the housing in place and

reconfigure the interior of a

fixture with an LED array and

improved optics, typically sold

replacing existing fluorescent

T12 or T8 tubes with a linear LED

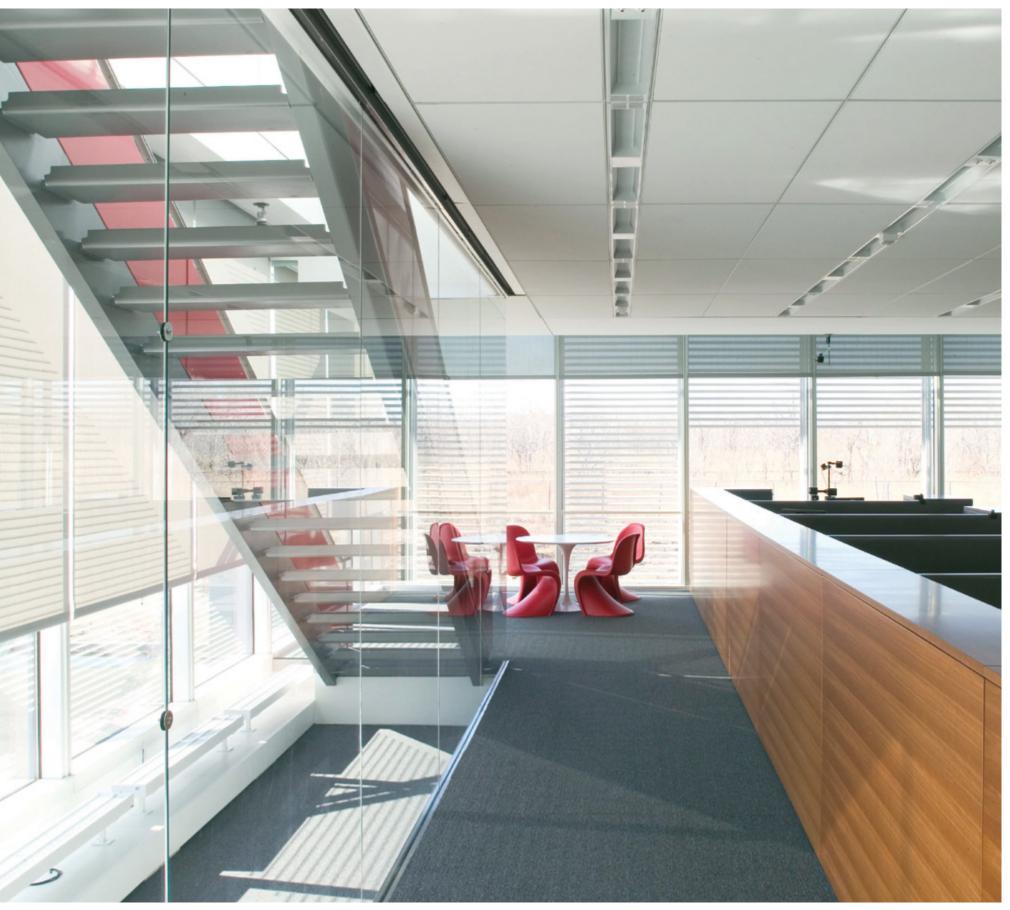
lamp designed for this purpose.

±30% savings

Fixture Replacement: For best performance and improved optics, replacing a fixture entirely can provide significant energy savings and an updated aesthetic.

daylighting: ±10% savings

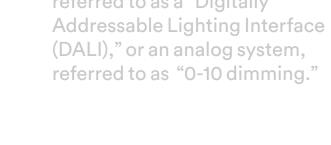
Automated shades determine their position by a combination of software and sensors. These allow maximum comfortable daylight into a space while minimizing glare and decreasing cooling loads. They also can be integrated with the lighting system.



dit: Buil

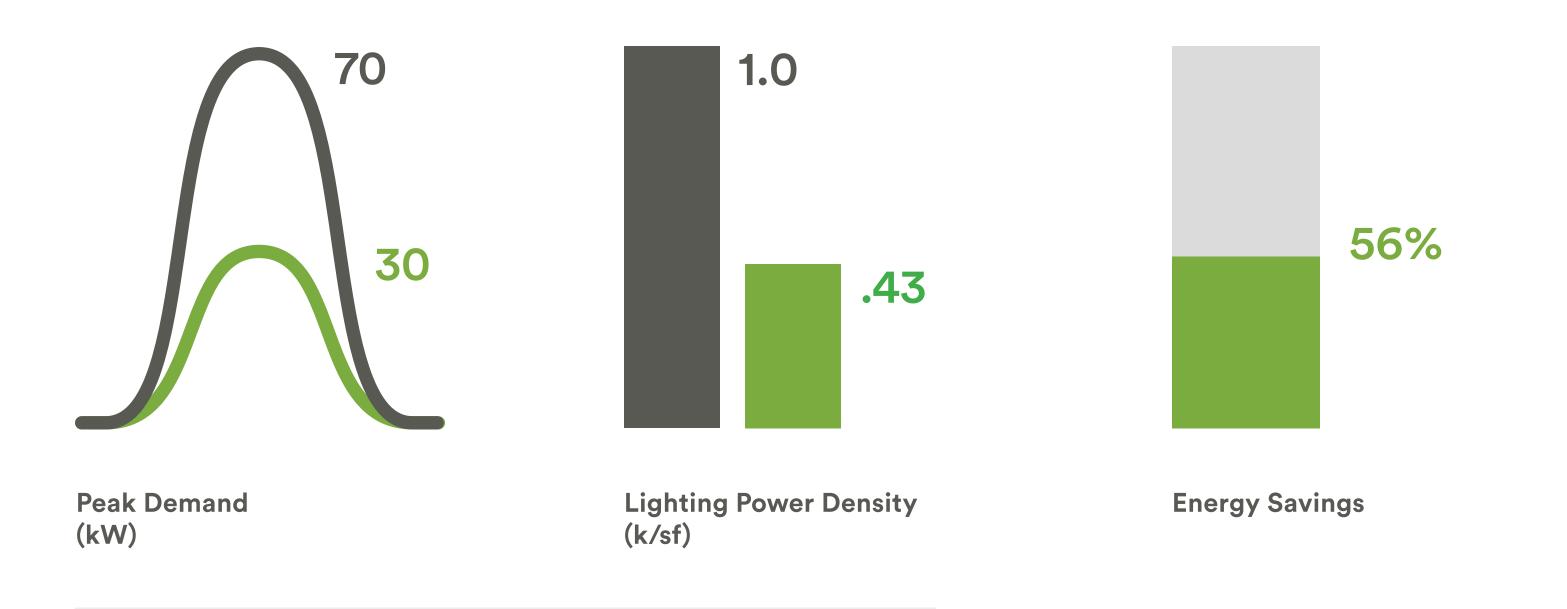
DALI

0–10 dimming



invest & finance

Nationally, average lighting retrofit costs are from \$4-\$6/SF. In New York City higher costs are mitigated by existing rate-payer incentives, and ROI is improved by the relatively high cost of electricity, especially during peak demand periods. Most lighting retrofits pay back within 3-5 years. Payback of advanced lighting systems can be significantly improved by accessing demand management incentives. Further savings can be achieved through ongoing participation in demand response programs.



before after



4.

instal 8

It is imperative that a project manager oversee the installation process and ensure that systems are properly commissioned prior to full operation. Installation oversight is critical to avoiding some of the most common retrofit pitfalls, and commissioning by a trained professional will ensure that the system is performing effectively and occupants are comfortable. Systems should be periodically monitored, tuned, and maintained to ensure that they continue to function correctly.

eclucate



5.

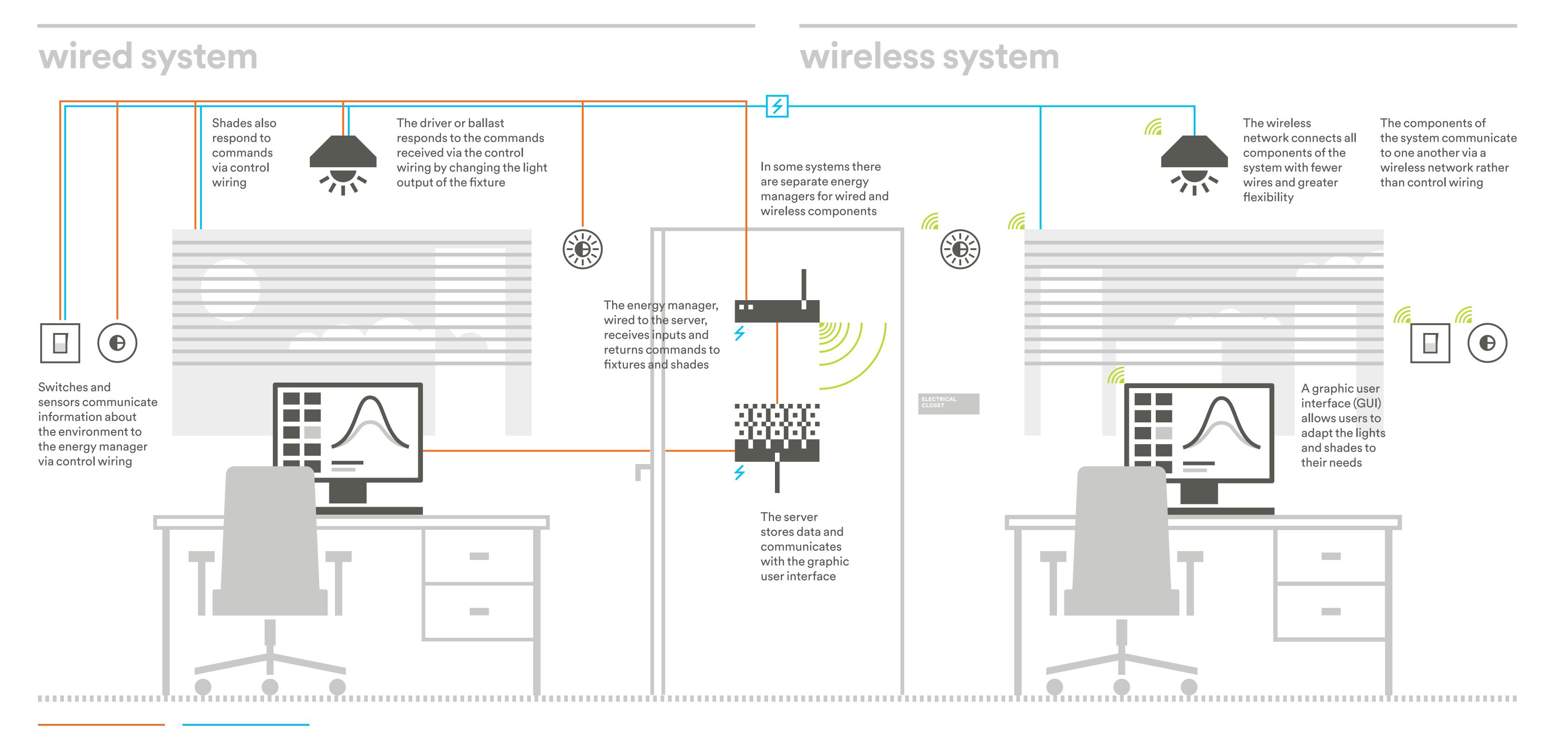
o learn more about ighting retrofit examples, visit: be-exchange.org

Close cooperation with occupants is critical to successful retrofits. Maintenance personnel, facility managers, and the office occupants themselves must be involved in the installation process and educated on system operation. Engaging end-users throughout the entire process reduces misunderstandings that can derail projects, ensures a smooth transition, and creates project advocates.





Wireless systems provide a full spectrum of features in a secure, cost-effective package.



control wiring 🖌 ine voltage 🔲 wall switch 🕞 occupancy sensor 🛞 daylight sensor 🌧 fixture 📥 energy manager 🚟 server

the facts

Wireless lighting controls eliminate wiring from switches, sensors, and gateways, while

how it works

In a wired system, the components of the control system communicate via low

benefits

 Wireless systems can be used in both new construction and retrofit applications.

providing a high-level of system security via encryption. Though hardware costs are similar, a wireless network reduces both disruption and installation costs, while retaining features and reliability similar to fully wired systems. The communication range of wireless components must be carefully considered, including dense obstructions like elevator cores. voltage wiring, also called "data" or "control"
wiring. However, in a wireless system,
these components communicate via a
wireless network. Both wired and wireless
systems require that fixtures, shades, and
the server be powered through line voltage,
and the energy manager is typically
connected to the server with control wiring.

- Wired and wireless components can be used in combination to meet the needs of the space.
- Installation of a wireless system provides greater flexibility and reduces disruption to employees.
- Wireless systems typically have lower install costs than a wired system.
- Wireless can be easier to install in "hard-to-reach" locations.

system components



daylighting & occupancy sensor



wireless manager



control module



wallstation



lighting distribution

50% up

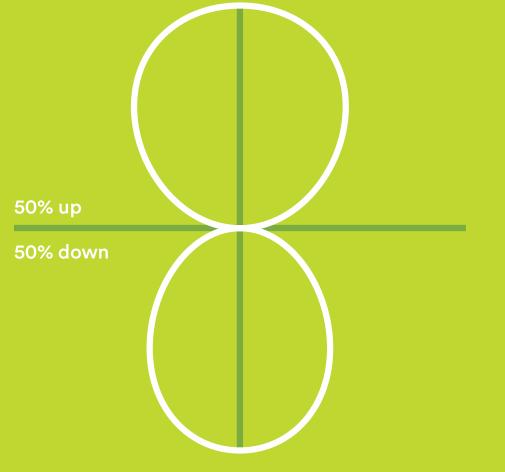
fixture neonau

The Series 23 suspended luminaire features optics that reduce glare and maximize efficacy, producing even lighting throughout the space. The fixture has separate dimming for the uplight and downlight components, and can be deployed individually or in continuous rows. Companion recessed and surface mount versions provide a complete family of fixtures.





downlight









living lab link

ENCELIUM OSRAM OSRAM

The project partners were very interested in exploring the benefits of cutting edge wireless controls and determining whether they were a good fit for both new construction and retrofits. Osram's Encelium system represents a flexible, cost-effective option that can gather data from a range of lighting component suppliers to tailor lighting usage with changing requirements, preparing offices for future changes and reducing the costs of churn.

the bottom line

A wireless network is a simple and secure way to quickly implement an energy efficient lighting retrofit.







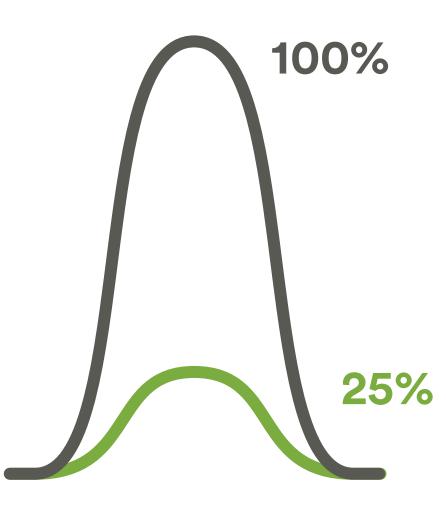


tuning

wireless

daylight harvesting

system features





peak demand reduction 75%



The Neoray fixture reduces the lighting energy use by 30% in the Living Lab space. The Encelium controls are estimated by the manufacturer to reduce the decreased energy use by an additional 64%. The resulting energy use is 25% of the original.







sensors



controls





dimmina

■ installed at living lab ■ capability

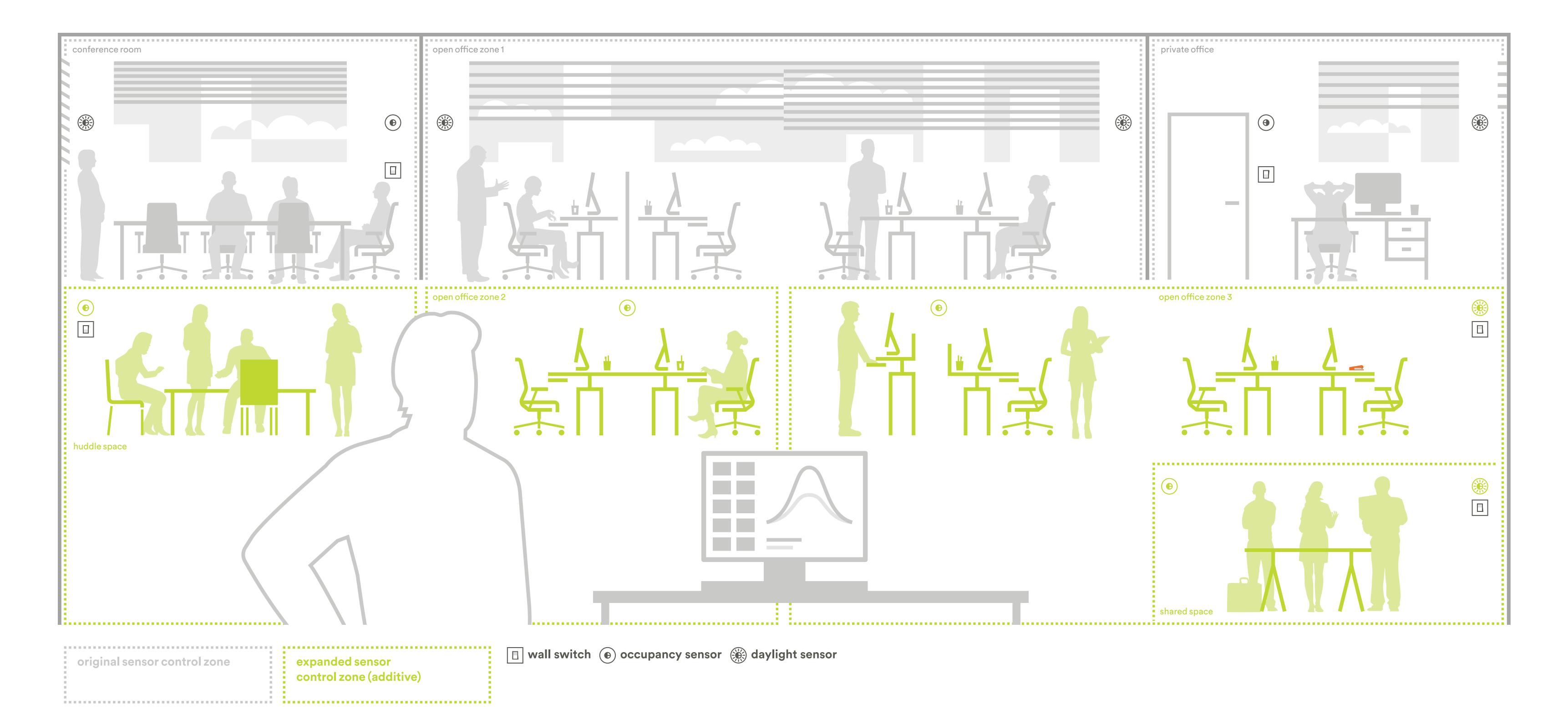
| 00% | | |
|---------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| riginal energy use | | |
| 50% | | |
| vings m fixtures | 70% reduced energy use after fixtures | |
| | 64% | |
| | savings from controls | 25% resulting energy use |
| | | |

energy savings



expandable solutions

Today's solutions allow users to upgrade existing systems as a comprehensive retrofit or in careful phases of any scale.



the facts

Many cost-effective upgrades are available for clients working with limited budgets or

how it works

Many manufacturers can retro-commission existing lighting systems to ensure energy savings and improve functionality. The amount of savings and granularity of control is directly related to the number of fixtures that are rendered dimmable and the number of daylighting and occupancy sensors installed. Upgrades also allow for remote operation and integration with energy management systems.

benefits

 Upgrading an existing system is the simplest form of lighting retrofit.

a wish to limit disruptions in working offices. Such a project may include adding dimmable ballasts to existing fluorescent fixtures and introducing a limited number of sensors. These features allow for remote operation, including tuning light levels to specific space needs, dimming in response to available daylight, and peak period demand response. • System selection is easier and disruption to occupied office space is heavily reduced.

- Both the hard and soft costs of a retrofit are reduced.
- Updated software and hardware components can allow for improved functionality and remote integration with energy management systems.

system components





daylighting sensor

occupancy sensor



wall switch



fixture selux

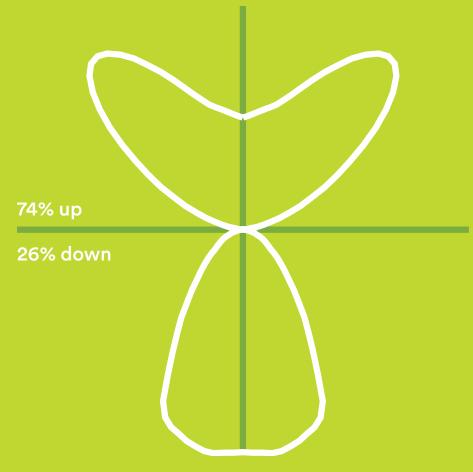
This linear pendant fixture includes an uplight with a diffuse satin lens and batwing distribution. The fixtures featured here includes a microprism lens over the downlight component, raising the efficacy of a fixture suitable for a wide variety of applications. Companion recessed and surface mount versions provide a complete family of fixtures.







lighting distribution



living lab link



Both project partners had previously installed Lutron systems and are using the Living Lab to explore improvements in performance, functionality, and costs achieved over the last decade.

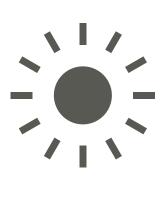
The Quantum Total Light management system that was installed at the Living Lab includes both wired and wireless components. Additionally, the system integrates with their Hyperion automated shade system, LED fixtures, and the building's energy management system. A Lutron control system can be easily scaled to suit any size building or space.

the bottom line

Investing in your lighting controls during new construction and ensuring proper commissioning is the best way to capture savings. As systems age, it is possible to update software and hardware to capture advances in technology and continue to maximize savings and functionality.



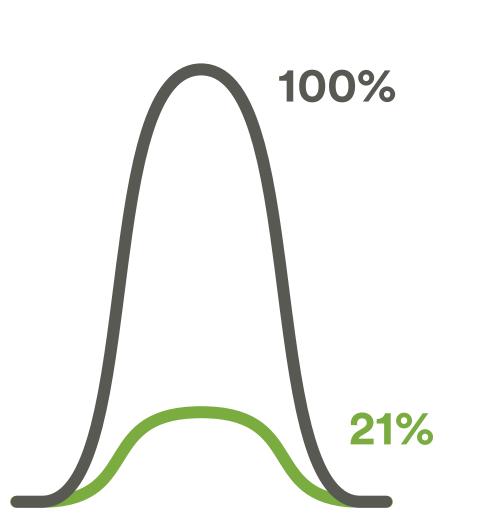




wireless

system features

daylight harvesting



sav fro

peak demand reduction 79%



is 79%.



to learn more visit be-exchange.org



sensors







dimming

■ installed at living lab ■ capability

| 100% | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| original energy use | | |
| 52% | | |
| avings | 48% | |
| om fixtures | energy use after fixtures | |
| | 56% | |
| | savings | 21% |
| | from controls | resulting energy use |
| | | |

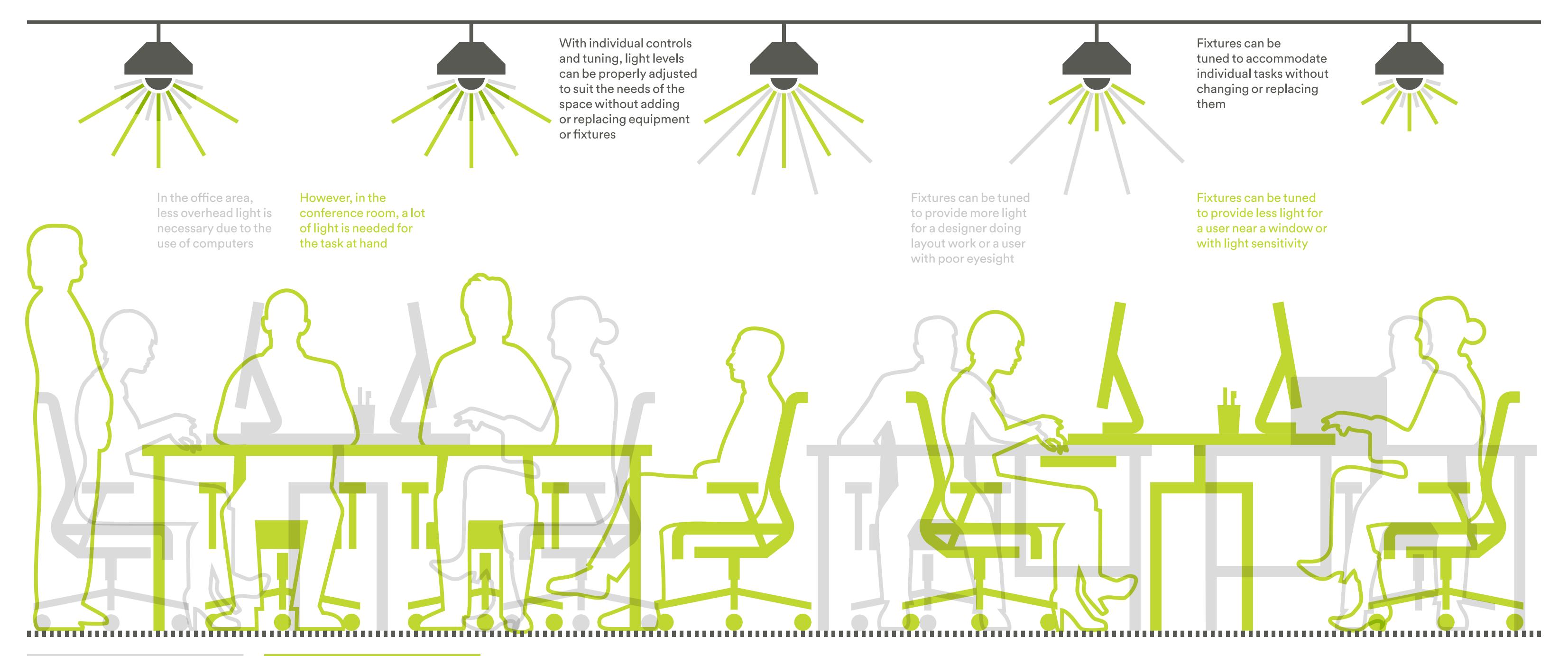
energy savings

The Selux fixture reduces lighting energy use by 52% on the Living Lab floor. An additional estimated 56% of energy savings is possible with lighting controls. The estimated reduction in energy use



convenience & flexibility

Digital systems can separately address each light fixture and be configured to suit many needs, eliminating the expense of serial retrofits.



original alternative configuration configuration

the facts

A properly selected and installed Digital Addressable Lighting Interface (DALI) system

how it works

A properly programmed digital lighting control system allows the system manager to set zones, and even fixtures, individually. With an intuitive interface, it is simple to adjust settings to maximize energy savings and occupant needs.

benefits

• Once a DALI system and high performance LED fixtures are installed, future retrofits will

can accommodate change and growth. When choosing a lighting system for either a retrofit or new construction, it is important to consider how the system may need to change over time. DALI systems provide deep flexibility as the needs of users change.

consist primarily of installing new software instead of new hardware.

• Greater flexibility to adapt a space to the changing needs of the employees.

• System can expand at any time.

system components



| 1 | LIGI | rts | 7. |
|---|--------|-----|----|
| | FA | VN. | |
| • | SHADES | | |
| • | MU | sic | |
| • | ON | * | |
| • | OFF | - | |

wall switch

occupancy sensor



control touch panel

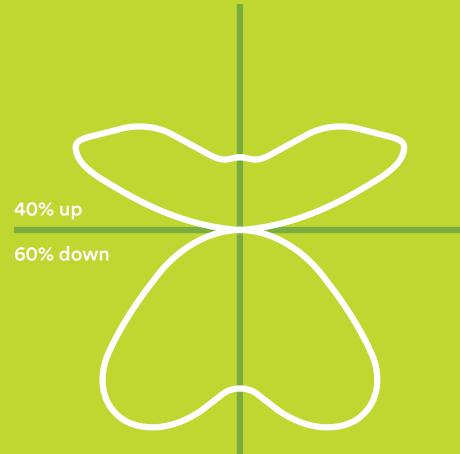
fixture FLUXWERX.



Profile is a suspended linear lighting system that features a luminous interior with no horizontal lenses or diffusers. The fixture has unique optics that eliminate any direct or indirect view of the LED light source, reducing glare while providing an optimal lighting distribution for general area lighting using a 40/60 breakdown of uplight/downlight.







living lab link



As with all customers, Crestron worked directly with the Living Lab team to develop a custom solution that meets the specific needs of each space, while retaining easy integration with enterprise-wide monitoring, management, and control. The DALI-based system affords maximum flexibility to the users while improving efficiency and scalability. The system can easily reconfigure lighting zones after installation, monitors individual fixture and lamp status, and offers discrete personal control where desired. The Crestron system is controlled with an easy to use graphic interface that integrates directly with popular software like Microsoft Outlook.

the bottom line

With DALI technology, energy-saving lighting control systems can be flexible and easy to use, expediting the successful implementation of a lighting retrofit.



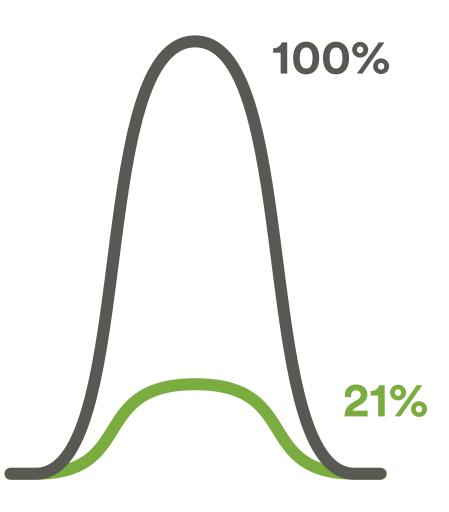




harvesting

wireless

system features





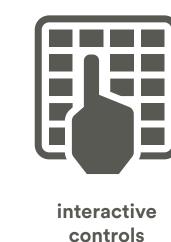
peak demand reduction 79%



to learn more visit be-exchange.org



sensors







dimmina

■ installed at living lab ■ capability

100% original energy use 63% 37% savings from fixtures energy use after fixtures 43% 21% savings from resulting energy use controls

energy savings

The Fluxwerx fixture is calcualted to provide a 63% reduction in lighting energy in the Living Lab. The Crestron controls will further reduce energy use by 43%, as predicted by the manufacturer.



An advanced sensor network can capture energy savings along with occupancy patterns and other data.



🔳 wall switch 💿 occupancy sensor 🛞 daylight sensor 🌧 fixture 🛽 thermostat 🕮 server

the facts

By embracing the "internet of things" movement, advanced lighting control systems

how it works

Advanced sensors collect occupancy, ambient light, temperature, and energy consumption data.

benefits

• A facilities manager can use the data to quantify savings, ensure the comfort

can harness real-time data on occupancy, temperature, and daylight to control lighting levels and also communicate with other systems like energy management, vertical transportation, and room scheduling. A properly programmed system allows the system manager to set zones and even fixtures individually. An intuitive interface allows settings to be adjusted to maximize energy savings and the occupant experience.

The energy manager uses these inputs to adjust settings, monitor and analyze energy savings, and other collected data. The lighting controls can also integrate with HVAC, security, demand response, and other space management applications. of occupants in the space, and provide baselines for space planning.
Settings and zones can be easily manipulated remotely through web-based system software.
Roughly half of the savings from the installation of an advanced lighting controls system can come from occupancy and

daylight sensors.

system components



fixture mount sensor



gateway



wall switch



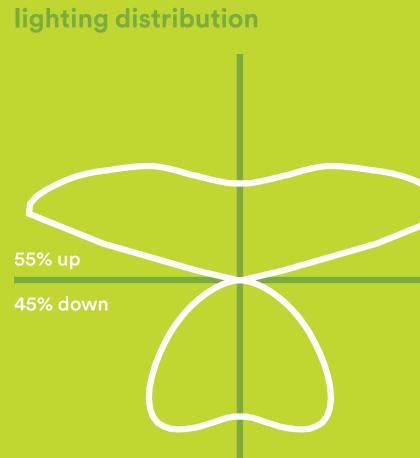
fixture **PHILIPS**

The Philips TruGroove fixture offers a combination of lighting control and brightness to create a balanced luminous environment. These high-performance architecturalgrade fixtures maintain gradients of light throughout the space.









living lab link

enlighted

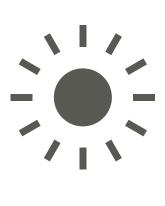
The Living Lab project partners were interested in using lighting system data to better understand both their lighting, HVAC, space utilization, and other needs. The Enlighted system provides advanced sensors embedded within the light fixtures that communicate minuteby-minute data and use software to drive the lighting system and provide real time information to the building managers. A single sensor unit for occupancy, daylight, and temperature is pre-installed in every fixture, reducing hardware costs, accelerating installation time, and enabling granular data collection.

the bottom line

Advanced sensors enable detailed data collection while ensuring an efficient lighting controls system.



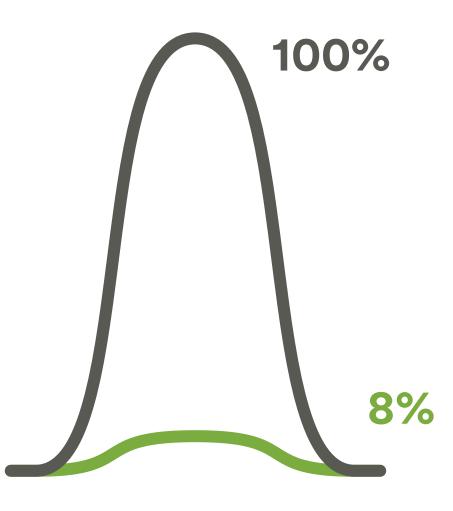




wireless

daylight harvesting

system features



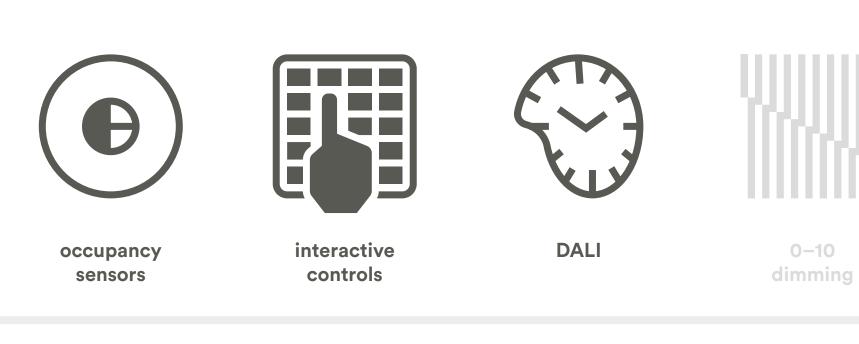


peak demand reduction 92%

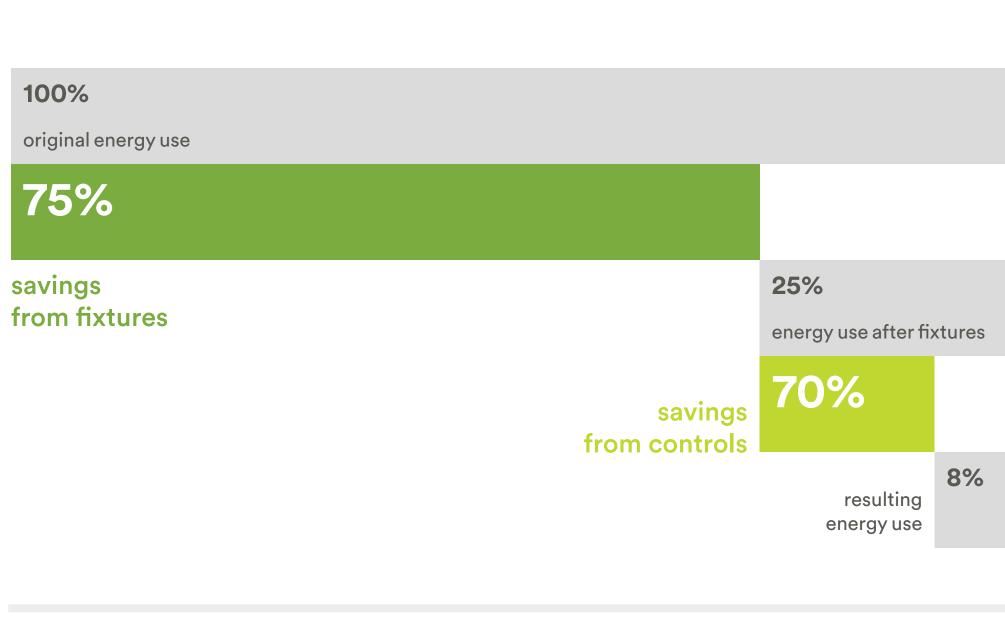








■ installed at living lab ■ capability

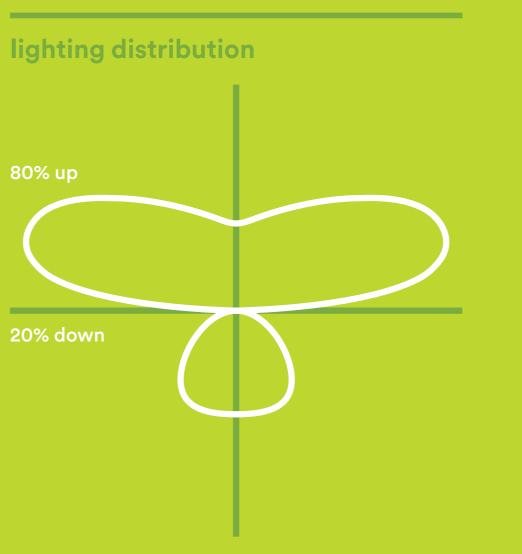


energy savings

The Phillips TruGroove, if it were to be installed in the Living Lab would save 75% of energy from the original fixture. The Enlighted controls system is predicted by the manufacturer to save an additional 70% after the reduction from fixtures.

fixture Peerless

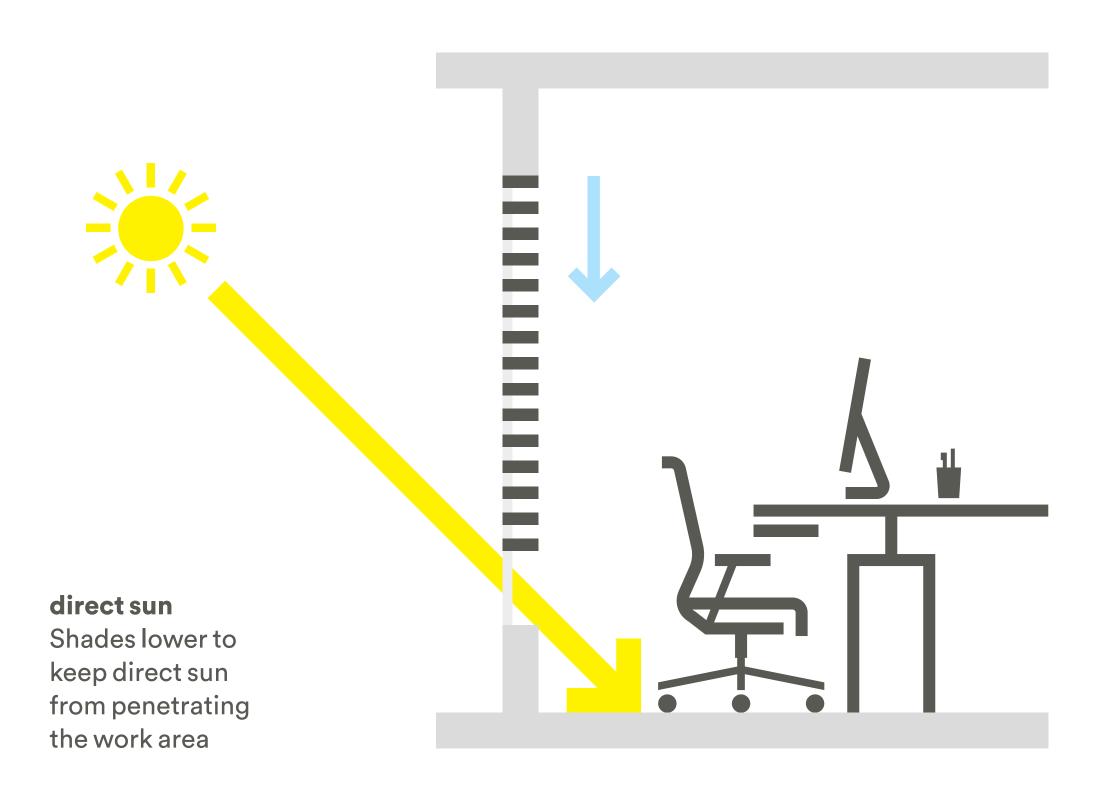
This unique pendant fixture is very efficient, significantly reduces both the quantity of light fixtures and the total energy consumed by the lighting, while delivering a large amount of light. **This custom Living Lab** model is a 20%/80% direct/indirect luminaire. This fixture family includes recessed and linear fixtures that can be applied in a multitude of settings.





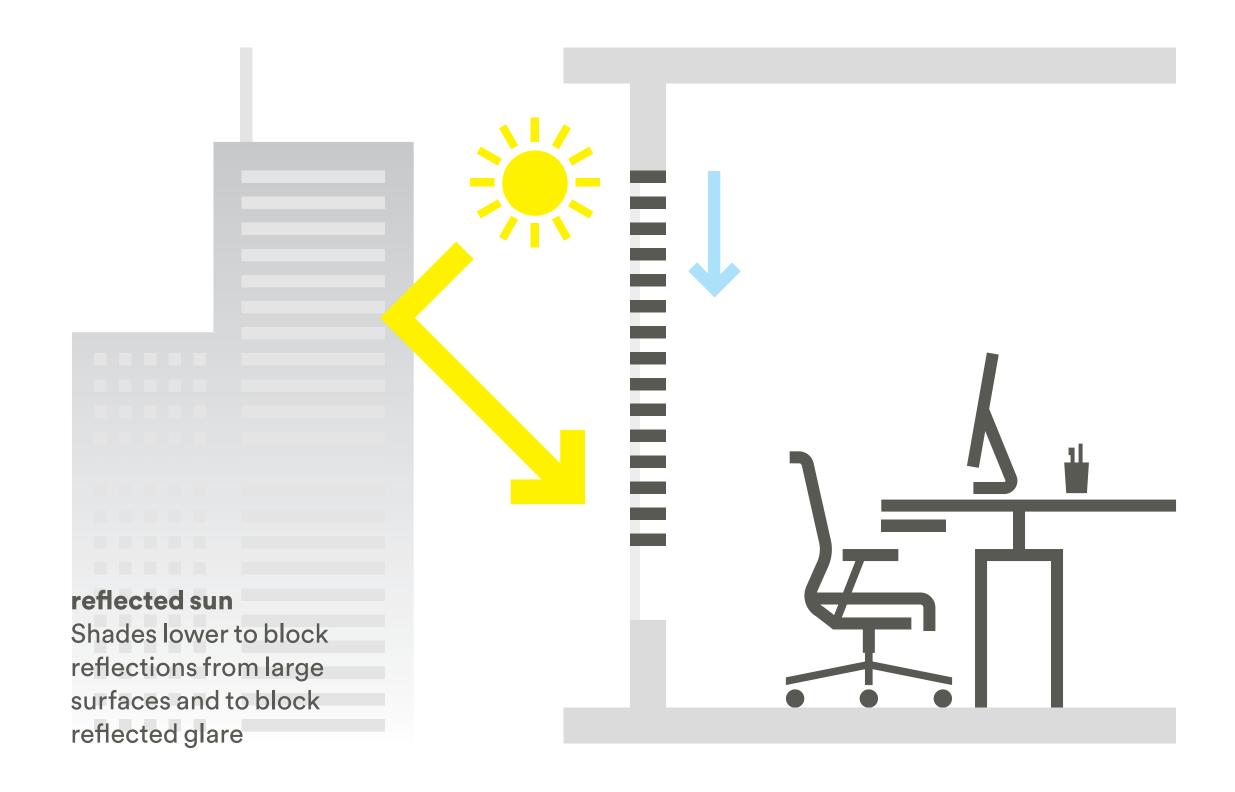


integrating daylight Automated shading systems combine software and sensors to maximize views and useful daylight while mitigating glare and saving energy.



the facts

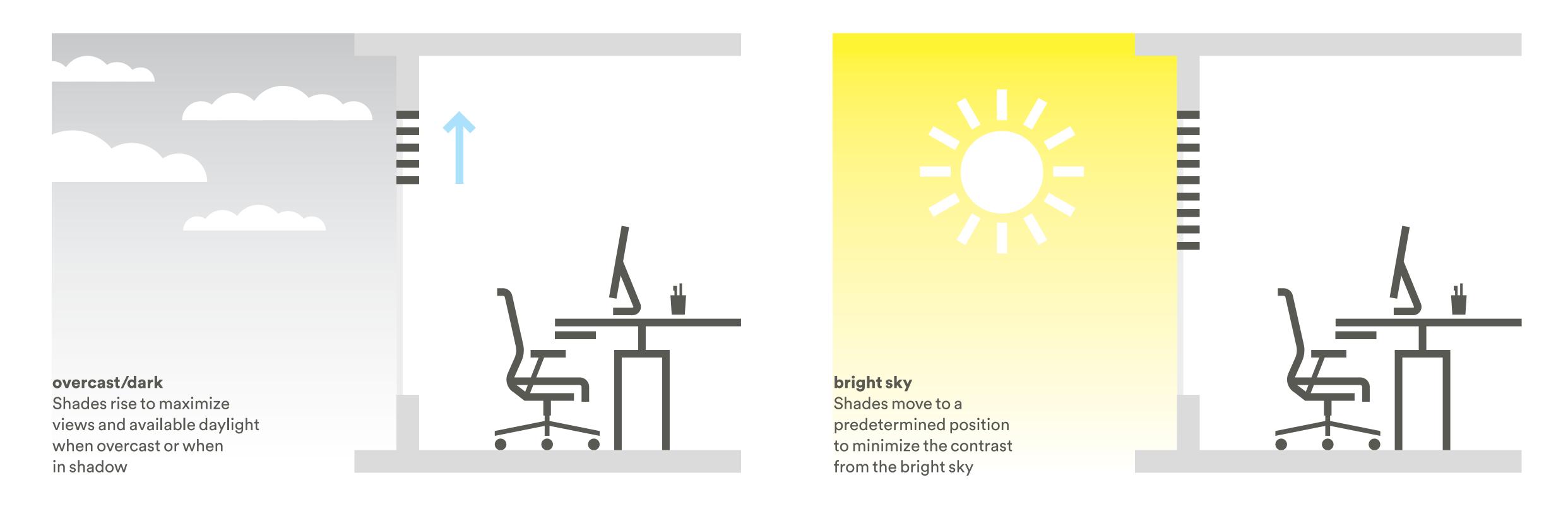
With no one responsible for their operation, manual shades often remain in the "down" position, eliminating views, blocking daylight, and generally reducing the quality of the interior environment. With automated shading, sensors and algorithms ensure that the position of the shade maximizes daylight in the space and makes views available whenever feasible, while controlling for glare and solar heat gain. Automated shades can be integrated with lighting control and energy management systems to maintain optimal comfort.



benefits

- Shades are tuned to optimize the desirable amount of daylight, and lighting systems follow suit by dimming necessary electric lighting.
- Since automated shades are open far more often than manual shades, they maximize views and connect users with the outdoors.
- Software and sensors work together to reduce glare, including reflected glare from adjacent buildings.

Taken together, the benefits of an automated shading system contribute to the highest quality office environment.



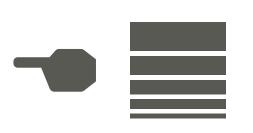
Properly commissioned automated shading systems enable energy savings by dimming electric lighting and can reduce the need for heating and cooling.

the bottom line

Though automated shading systems are a large investment, they are the most effective means of integrating daylight, reducing glare and heat gain, and maximizing occupant comfort.



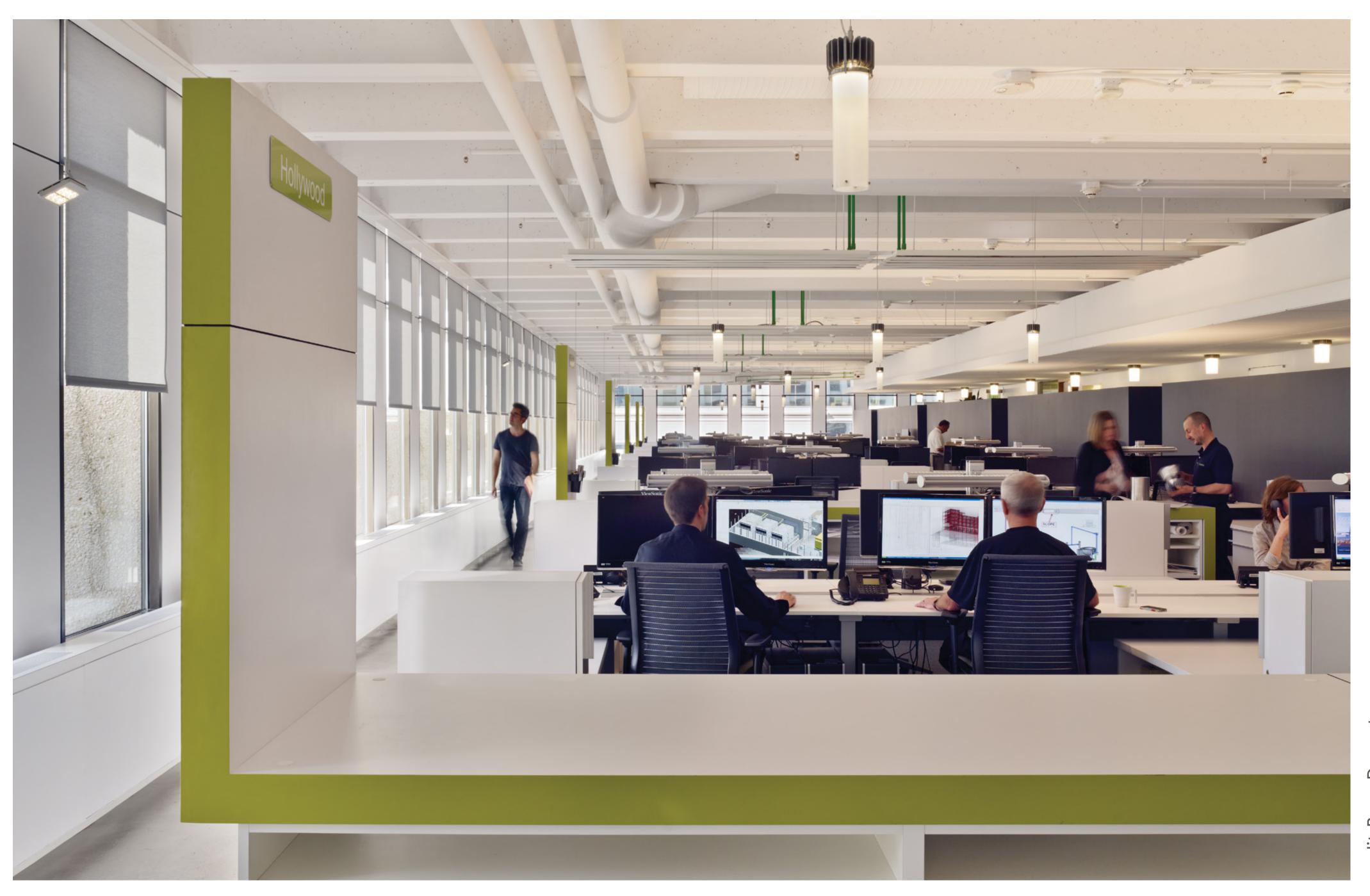
to learn more visit be-exchange.org

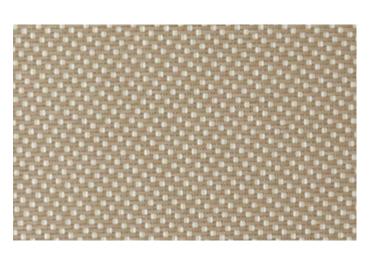


look left to see the performance of Lutron's residentially focused, battery-powered roller shading in action. The Living Lab installation is the Hyperion automated system.



The Lutron Hyperion shading system uses local wireless sensors that read sky conditions and communicate with a central interface to modify shade position — balancing glare, daylight, and views.





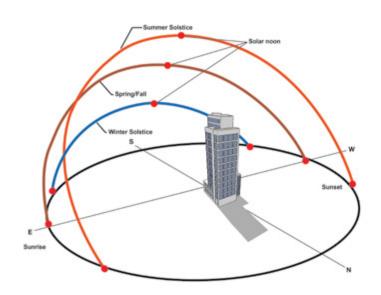
A wide variety of fabrics are available to ensure the right mix of light penetration, heat gain mitigation, and design needs.



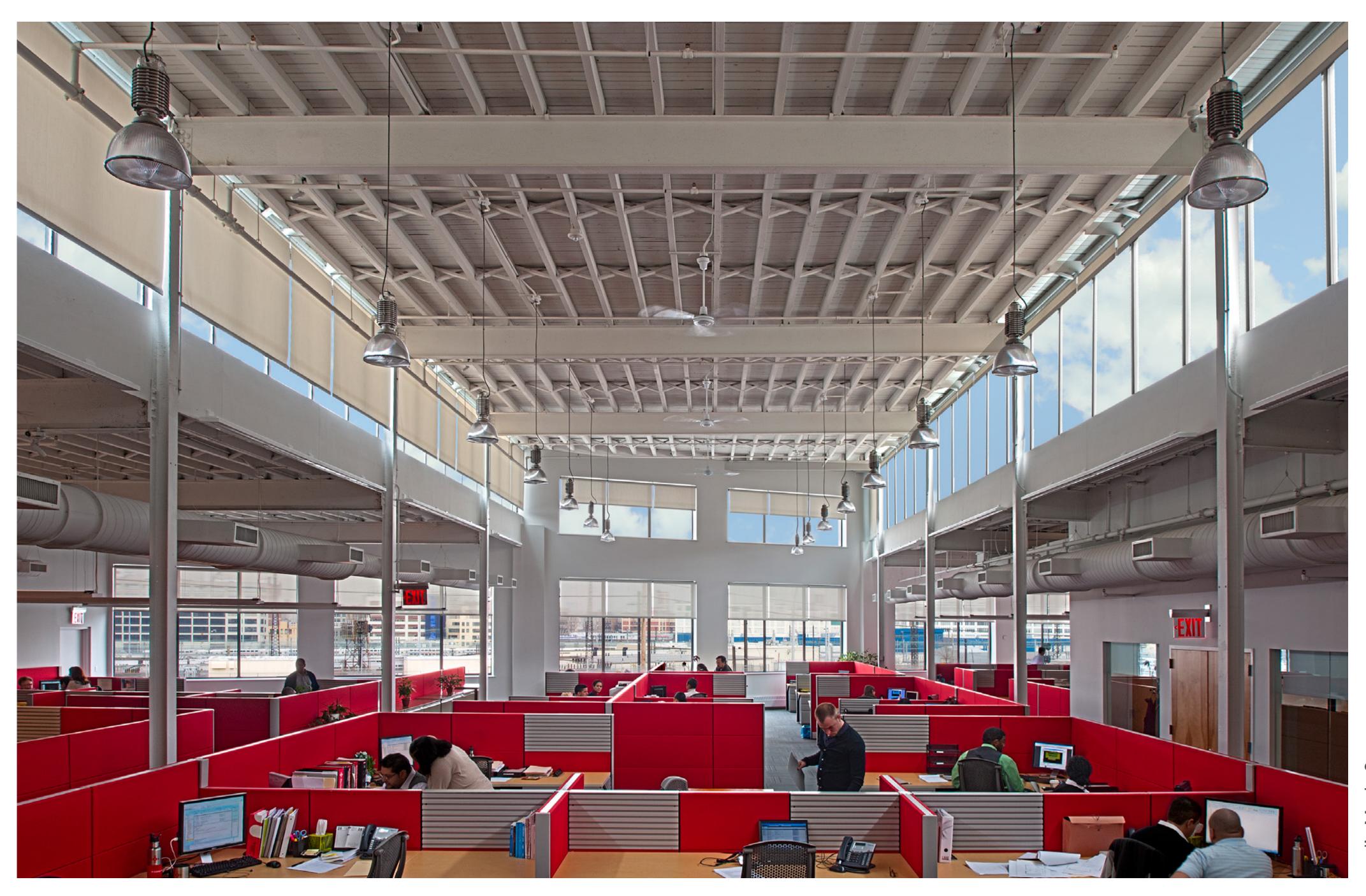
look right to see the MechoSystem's SolarTrac System in action.

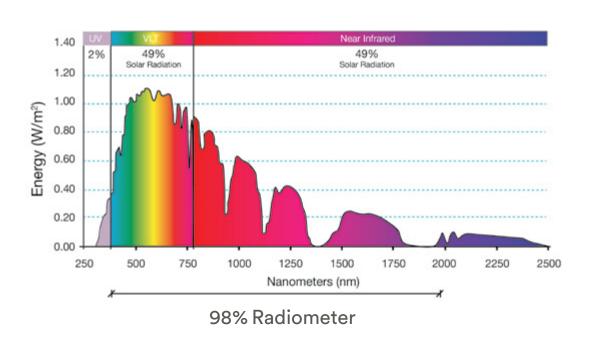






MechoSystems' SolarTrac system employs predictive modeling that utilizes a building's unique location, orientation, and architectural features to calculate the heat load on the glazing, as well as the depth of solar penetration—for every minute of every day, all year.





Visible light represents less than half the radiation spectrum. A radiometer collects data on 98% of the radiation spectrum, allowing the total solar condition to influence optimal shade positions with regard to heat gain as well as light levels and glare.

shade WELUTRON®

Battery-powered shades, such as the one exhibited here, are appropriate for many different types of retrofits as they can be easily installed and maintainted. These shades can standalone or be incorporated into an advanced lighting control system to maximize energy savings and occupant comfort.

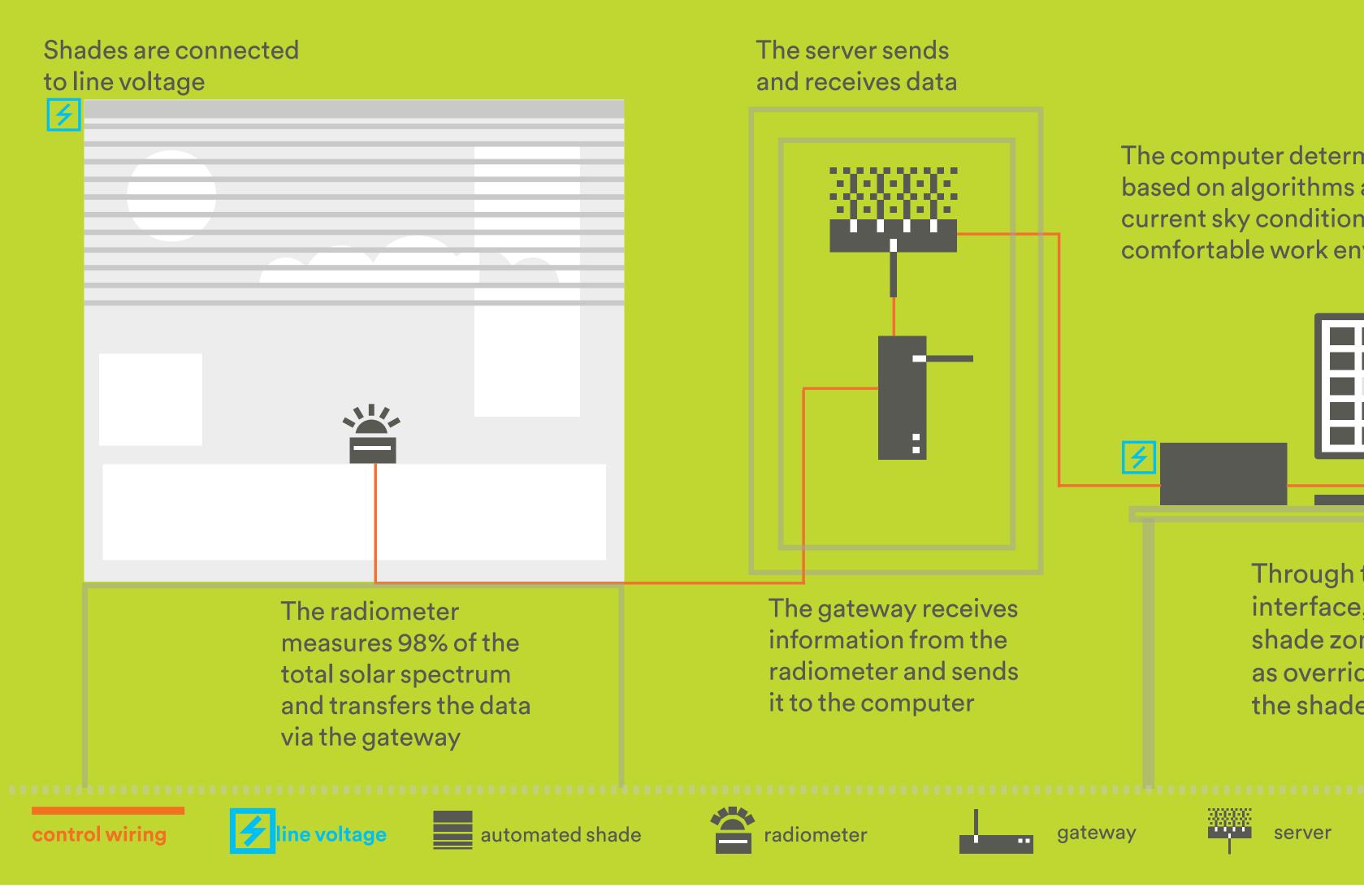


shade SolarTrac

SolarTrac is an advanced shading control system that automatically adjust shades to optimize the penetration of daylight and heat load on a building.



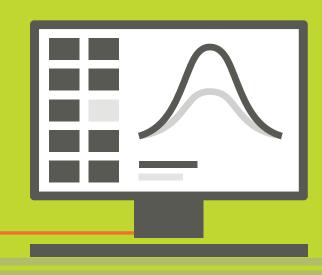
solartrac system



look up!



The computer determines the shade position based on algorithms and the building's orientation, current sky condition, and time of day to create a comfortable work environment



Through the graphic user interface, users can monitor the shade zone and position as well as override to raise and lower the shade as needed

graphic user interface